

D10. ARREST OF TSIANG HWA TEAD ALIAS
TSIANG CHONG CHE ALIAS TSIANG JANG
1924 YDH KOREAN TERRORIST. ALIAS
1. 2 29 KANG CHANG ZE ALIAS BI SHU-WAN
YOKODA, TANAKA, OKAZAKI, T. NOMURA

01-10



SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. D. REGISTRY
No. I. O. D. 10.....
Date..... 1. 2. 29

The Shanghai Times 1. 2. 29.

Chinese release
by... of a
Korean... the legal
Japanese...
ed the...
criminal and that his liberation
will undoubtedly have a bad effect
on the question of abolition of
certain... The Chinese
state that the man was released
because he had been illegally ar-
rested by the Japanese police at
the North Station.

CHIN

A. C. (Pal)
A.R. 1 2/29

C. I. D. Reg.
Please attach the
file on this subject. *Wg*

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. D. REGISTRY
No. I. O. D. 10.....
File No. 20 1 29

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

Foreign Section, C.I.D.

January 29, 1929.

Inquiries go to show that Kang Chang Ze (姜昌濟) who resides in the French Concession boarded the train which was due to leave Shanghai North Station for Hanking at 11 p.m. on January 25 and while seated inside was accosted by a Chinese who inquired if he was Mr. Kang. On his answering in the affirmative the Chinese requested Kang to meet a Japanese friend who was waiting on the platform. Kang complied with the request and was immediately taken into custody by Japanese Consular Policeman Yokoda on a charge of murder and robbery. Kang complained that he was a naturalised Chinese and called one of the railway police to whom he explained matters. Both Kang and the Japanese Consular Policeman were then escorted to the Paoshan Road Police Station, Chapei where the latter officer demanded that Kang be handed over on the charges for which he had been arrested. The Chinese authorities refused to hand Kang over and the Japanese consequently left. Kang was detained over night in the Paoshan Road Station and released on January 26. It is reported that Kang Chang Ze (姜昌濟) is a naturalised Chinese citizen and until his arrest was employed as a detective attached to the Third Section of the Civil Department of the Kiangsu Provincial Government.

H. S. Kim

A. D. C. I.

SR. 29/29

Information
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Information
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29:1:29

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

C.I.D. HEADQUARTERS.

POLITICAL BRANCH.

To *Shanghai, January 28 1929*
Foreign Section

Please note
with a view to making
further inquiries in
co-operation with
Chief Inspector Nakagawa.



January 26, 1926,

Morning Translation.

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MISCELLANEOUS

NOTORIOUS KOREAN DESPERADO ARRESTED AT NORTH STATION
BY RAILWAY GUARDS AT THE REQUEST OF JAPANESE POLICE

The Shanghai Nichi Nichi and the Shanghai Mainichi publish the following report:-

On the night of January 25 a squad of detectives attached to the local Japanese Consulate went to the Shanghai North Station in the hope of arresting a notorious Korean named Tsiang Hwa Tsao (曹 華祖), alias Tsiang Chong Che (姜 忠濟), alias Tsiang Tung Yoh (姜 東郁) who is wanted by the Japanese authorities for the murder of another Korean on Hannan Road some time last year and also for several other murders perpetrated in the French Concession as well as for several robberies.

Tsiang, who had apparently been forewarned, cleverly eluded the Police cordon and managed to enter the station compound where he hurriedly bought a ticket and boarded a train bound for Hanking. The Japanese Police thereupon lost no time in getting into touch with one of the responsible railway officials who kindly instructed the railway guards to remove Tsiang from the train.

Tsiang is now in the custody of Chinese Police who are reluctant to hand over the prisoner to the Japanese authorities despite their repeated representations.

Local Chinese newspapers published this news yesterday, but they were greatly exaggerated.

Recently Tsiang graduated from a Chinese Detective School and has ever since been posing as a Chinese, claiming to have been naturalized as such.

Besides being one of the leaders of the so-called Ping Ying Volunteer Corps, a radical organ of recalcitrant Koreans, Tsiang is also said to be responsible for the two bomb incidents at the local Japanese Consulate in April and September 1925. Many of his accomplices in numerous cases of murder and robbery are either serving terms of imprisonment or are under trial.

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ARRIVAL OF NEW JAPANESE CONSULAR OFFICIALS

The Shanghai Nichi Nichi, Shanghai Nippo and the Shanghai Mainichi publish the following report:-

Vice-Consul M. Tanaka, formerly attached to the Japanese Consulate-General at Hankow, arrived here yesterday from Japan to take over the position in the Japanese Consulate-General here in succession to Consul Shimizu.

Mr. K. Okasaki, Vice-Consul, and Mr. T. Nomura, a Secretary in the Japanese Legation in Peking, also arrived here on January 25 aboard the s. s. Sakaki Maru to take over their new posts in the local Consulate.

Vice-Consul Okasaki is a well-known middle-distance runner having taken part in the last Olympic Games.



**Man Charged
With 3 Murders
Arrested In New
York**

**Arrest of
Spectacular
Gang Boss
In Prison**

A "how-very-very" Japanese character, Sawaguchi, is mentioned in the "Illustrated News" magazine as having been arrested in connection with a mission that was said to have been a kind of a "spy" mission for the Japanese Government.

The same character is mentioned by the "Illustrated News" and two other magazines, "The Japanese Review" and "The Japanese Review" as having been arrested in connection with a mission that was said to have been a kind of a "spy" mission for the Japanese Government.

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He has been married on a Japanese airplane carrier during about 1950 to alleged murderer of Korean war ship on 4 miles 7 miles, Hwanghae District. The aircraft is alleged to have been the sequel to a quarrel between the Korean revolution and Japanese activities. It is the accused of the wholesale massacre of near Koreans, who were massacred in the French Indochina. The first charge was made in the year 1949, after the Japanese government had the Japanese government.